

Go Proton API

Official Go client library for the Proton REST API — covering Mail, Contacts, Calendar, Drive Shares, and account operations.

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Overview & Quick Start

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Go Proton API

Overview

github.com/ProtonMail/go-proton-api is the official Go library implementing a client for (a subset of) the Proton REST API. It covers **Mail, Contacts, Calendar, Drive Shares**, and core account operations. Built on [resty/v2](#) for HTTP communication and [gopenpgp/v2](#) for PGP encryption/decryption.

Quick Start

```
import (  
    "context"  
    "github.com/ProtonMail/go-proton-api"  
)  
  
// 1. Create a Manager (shared across clients)  
m := proton.New()  
defer m.Close()  
  
ctx := context.Background()  
  
// 2a. Login with username/password (full SRP flow)  
c, auth, err := m.NewClientWithLogin(ctx, "user@proton.me", []byte("password"))  
if err != nil {  
    panic(err)  
}  
defer c.Close()  
  
// Handle 2FA if needed  
if auth.TwoFA.Enabled & proton.HasTOTP != 0 {
```

```
if err := c.Auth2FA(ctx, proton.Auth2FAReq{TwoFactorCode: "123456"}); err != nil {
    panic(err)
}
}

// 2b. Or create from existing tokens (no login needed)
c := m.NewClient("uid", "accessToken", "refreshToken")
defer c.Close()
```

Installation

```
go get github.com/ProtonMail/go-proton-api
```

Requires **Go 1.26+**.

Architecture

The library uses a **Manager** → **Client** hierarchy:

- **Manager** — Top-level factory object. Created via `New(opts ...Option)`. Holds a shared `*resty.Client`, status observers, error handlers, and panic recovery. Shared across all clients.
- **Client** — Per-user client bound to a specific UID. Created by the Manager via `NewClient()`, `NewClientWithLogin()`, or `NewClientWithRefresh()`. Each Client handles one Proton account.

Core Features

Feature	Description
Automatic auth refresh	401 responses trigger transparent token refresh + retry
Connection status	<code>Manager.AddStatusObserver()</code> receives <code>StatusUp</code> / <code>StatusDown</code> notifications
Error handlers	<code>Manager.AddErrorHandler(code, handler)</code> — register callbacks for specific API error codes
Request hooks	Per-client and global pre/post request middleware via resty
Parallel operations	Delete messages, import messages, and attachment downloads all use parallel execution
Undo support	Label/unlabel operations return undo tokens for reversible actions

Feature	Description
Paging helpers	<code>GetAllContacts()</code> , <code>GetAllMessageIDs()</code> etc. auto-page through results

Authentication & Sessions

Authentication & Sessions

Authentication & Sessions

The library handles the full authentication lifecycle: SRP-based login, 2FA/FIDO2, token refresh, session management, and user creation.

Login Methods

SRP Login (Username/Password)

Full Secure Remote Password login flow -- zero-knowledge password authentication:

```
m := proton.New()
ctx := context.Background()

c, auth, err := m.NewClientWithLogin(ctx, "user@proton.me", []byte("password"))
if err != nil {
    panic(err)
}
defer c.Close()
```

2FA Support

If the account has 2FA enabled:

```
if auth.TwoFA.Enabled & proton.HasTOTP != 0 {
    if err := c.Auth2FA(ctx, proton.Auth2FAReq{TwoFactorCode: "123456"}); err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }
}
```

FIDO2 Support

```

if auth.TwoFA.Enabled&proton.HasFID02 != 0 {
    if err := c.Auth2FA(ctx, proton.Auth2FAReq{
        FID02Data: proton.FID02Req{
            Attestation: "...",
            AuthenticatorData: "...",
            Signature: "...",
            CredentialID: "...",
        },
    }); err != nil {
        panic(err)
    }
}

```

Refresh Token Login

Create a client from existing refresh token (no password needed):

```

c, _, err := m.NewClientWithRefresh(ctx, "uid", "refreshToken")
if err != nil {
    panic(err)
}
defer c.Close()

```

Direct Token Login

Create a client when all auth info is already known:

```

c := m.NewClient("uid", "accessToken", "refreshToken")
defer c.Close()

```

Session Management

```

// List active sessions
sessions, err := c.AuthSessions(ctx)

// Revoke a specific session
err := c.AuthRevoke(ctx, authUID)

```

```
// Revoke all sessions
err := c.AuthRevokeAll(ctx)

// Delete current session
err := c.AuthDelete(ctx)
```

Auth Handlers

Register callbacks to handle auth events:

```
// Save new tokens when they are refreshed
c.AddAuthHandler(func(auth proton.Auth) {
    // Save auth.AccessToken, auth.RefreshToken to keychain
})

// Handle de-authentication
c.AddDeauthHandler(func() {
    // Clear stored credentials
})
```

Key Types

Type	Description
Auth	Contains UID, AccessToken, RefreshToken, ServerProof, Scope, TwoFA info
AuthInfo	Server-provided auth metadata: salt, modulus, server ephemeral, 2FA status
TwoFAInfo / TwoFAStatus	Enum for TOTP, FIDO2, or both
FIDO2Req	FIDO2 authentication data (attestation, authenticator data, signature, credential ID)
AuthSession	Active session with client info and revocability flag
PasswordMode	One-password vs two-password mode

Security Notes

- Login uses SRP (Secure Remote Password) protocol via go-srp for zero-knowledge password authentication
- By default, the Manager verifies the server expected proof (verifyProofs flag) to detect MITM attacks
- The server sends salt/modulus/ephemeral; the client computes proofs and verifies the server proof

Mail & Messages

Mail & Messages

Mail & Messages

Complete mail operations: fetching messages (metadata + full bodies), labeling, marking read/unread/forwarded, deleting, creating/updating/sending drafts, importing messages, building RFC822 MIME messages, and encrypting/decrypting with PGP.

Fetching Messages

Single Message

```
msg, err := c.GetMessage(ctx, messageID)
// msg contains: ID, addressID, labelIDs, subject, sender/recipients, flags, timestamps
```

Full Message with Attachments

```
fullMsg, err := c.GetFullMessage(ctx, messageID, scheduler, storageProvider)
// fullMsg.Message + fullMsg.AttData ([][]byte of decoded attachment data)
```

Message Metadata (List)

```
// Get all message metadata
meta, err := c.GetMessageMetadata(ctx, proton.MessageFilter{
    LabelIDs: []string{"inbox-label-id"},
})

// Paginated with filters
meta, err := c.GetMessageMetadataPage(ctx, page, pageSize, filter)

// Count messages
count, err := c.CountMessages(ctx)
```

```
// Get all message IDs (auto-paginating)
allIDs, err := c.GetAllMessageIDs(ctx, afterID)
```

Drafts

```
// Create a draft
draft, err := c.CreateDraft(ctx, addrKR, proton.CreateDraftReq{
    Subject: "Hello",
    Sender:  proton.Address{ID: "address-id"},
    To:      []proton.Address{{Email: "recipient@example.com"}},
    Body:    "Message body",
    MIMEType: "text/plain",
})

// Update a draft
updated, err := c.UpdateDraft(ctx, draftID, addrKR, proton.UpdateDraftReq{
    Body: "Updated body",
    Action: proton.DraftActionReply, // reply/reply-all/forward/auto-response/read-receipt
})

// Send a draft
err := c.SendDraft(ctx, draftID, proton.SendDraftReq{
    // MessagePackage with encrypted body + per-recipient key packets
})
```

Bulk Operations

```
// Delete messages (parallel chunking, max 1000 per page)
err := c.DeleteMessage(ctx, id1, id2, id3...)

// Mark as read/unread
err := c.MarkMessagesRead(ctx, ids...)
err := c.MarkMessagesUnread(ctx, ids...)

// Mark as forwarded/unforwarded
```

```

err := c.MarkMessagesForwarded(ctx, ids...)
err := c.MarkMessagesUnForwarded(ctx, ids...)

// Label/unlabel with undo support
err := c.LabelMessages(ctx, ids, labelID)
err := c.UnlabelMessages(ctx, ids, labelID)
// Returns undo tokens for reversible actions

```

Message Import

Bulk import of raw RFC822 messages:

```

stream := c.ImportMessages(ctx, addrKR, workers, buffer, req1, req2, ...)
// req := proton.ImportReq{
//   RawMessage: []byte("Raw RFC822 message..."),
//   AddressID:  "address-id",
//   LabelIDs:   []string{"label-id"},
// }

for res := range stream {
    fmt.Println(res.ID, res.Error)
}

```

MIME Building & Encryption

```

// Reconstruct full RFC822 MIME from decrypted parts
rawMIME, err := proton.BuildRFC822(kr, msg, attData)

// Encrypt a raw RFC822 message
encrypted, err := proton.EncryptRFC822(kr, literal)

```

Key Types

Type	Description
<code>MessageMetadata</code>	ID, addressID, labelIDs, subject, sender/recipients, flags, timestamps

Type	Description
Message	Extends Metadata with raw Header, Headers, encrypted Body, MIMEType, Attachments
FullMessage	Message + decoded attachment data
MessageFilter	Filter by ID list, subject, addressID, externalID, labelID
MessageFlag	Bitmask: received, sent, internal, E2E, replied, forwarded, spam/DMARC/DKIM/SPF
EncryptionScheme	InternalScheme, EncryptedOutsideScheme, ClearScheme, PGPInlineScheme, PGPMIMEScheme
SendPreferences	Per-recipient encryption/signature/MIME type preferences
MessagePackage	Encrypted message body + per-recipient key packets
DraftTemplate	Subject, sender, recipients, body, MIME type for draft creation
ImportReq / ImportMetadata	Import request with raw message bytes and metadata

Contacts, Calendar & Labels

Contacts

Contacts

CRUD operations for contacts and contact emails via `/contacts/v4`.

Operations

Get Contacts

```
// Single contact by ID
contact, err := c.GetContact(ctx, contactID)

// Count contacts
count, err := c.CountContacts(ctx)

// Paginated listing
contacts, err := c.GetContacts(ctx, page, pageSize)

// Auto-paginating - get all
allContacts, err := c.GetAllContacts(ctx)

// Auto-paginating with custom page size
allContacts, err := c.GetAllContactsPaged(ctx, pageSize)
```

Search by Email

```
// Count matches
count, err := c.CountContactEmails(ctx, "user@example.com")

// Paginated search
emails, err := c.GetContactEmails(ctx, "user@example.com", page, pageSize)
```

```
// Get all matching
allEmails, err := c.GetAllContactEmails(ctx, "user@example.com")
```

Create / Update / Delete

```
// Bulk create with overwrite and label options
results, err := c.CreateContacts(ctx, proton.CreateContactsReq{
    Contacts: []proton.Contact{
        {
            Cards: []proton.ContactCard{...},
            Email: "user@example.com",
        },
    },
})

// Update a contact
updated, err := c.UpdateContact(ctx, contactID, proton.UpdateContactReq{
    Cards: []proton.ContactCard{...},
})

// Bulk delete
err := c.DeleteContacts(ctx, proton.DeleteContactsReq{
    IDs: []string{id1, id2},
})
```

Per-Contact Encryption Preferences

Contact settings are stored as VCard-embedded X-PM-* fields:

```
// Get encryption settings for a contact
settings := contact.GetSettings()
// Returns: MIME type, PGP scheme (inline/MIME), sign/encrypt flags, PGP keys

// Set encryption settings
contact.SetSettings(proton.ContactSettings{
    MIMETYPE: "text/plain",
    Scheme:   proton.PGPMIMEScheme,
```

```
Sign:          true,
Encrypt:       true,
EncryptUntrusted: true,
PGPKeys:       []proton.PGPKey{...},
})
```

Key Types

Type	Description
Contact	Composite of ContactMetadata and ContactCards
ContactMetadata	ID, name, UID, size, timestamps, emails, labels
ContactCards	VCard data for the contact
ContactEmail	Email entry with ID, name, email string, type tags, contactID, labels
ContactSettings	Per-contact encryption preferences (MIME type, scheme, sign/encrypt flags, PGP keys)
RecipientType	Internal vs external recipient classification

Calendar

Calendar

Calendar and calendar event retrieval via `/calendar/v1`. Includes key management for encrypted calendar data.

Operations

Calendars

```
// List all calendars
calendars, err := c.GetCalendars(ctx)

// Get a single calendar
cal, err := c.GetCalendar(ctx, calendarID)

// Get encryption keys for a calendar
keys, err := c.GetCalendarKeys(ctx, calendarID)

// Get shared calendar members
members, err := c.GetCalendarMembers(ctx, calendarID)

// Get passphrase for calendar key decryption
passphrase, err := c.GetCalendarPassphrase(ctx, calendarID)
```

Calendar Events

```
// Count events
count, err := c.CountCalendarEvents(ctx, calendarID)

// Paginated listing with optional filters
```

```

events, err := c.GetCalendarEvents(ctx, calendarID, page, pageSize, filter)

// Auto-paginating - get all events
allEvents, err := c.GetAllCalendarEvents(ctx, calendarID, filter)

// Single event by ID
event, err := c.GetCalendarEvent(ctx, calendarID, eventID)

```

Decryption

Calendar events use **two-layer encryption**:

1. Calendar keys (passphrase-locked)
2. Shared events add a second layer of sharing key packets

```

// Unlock calendar keys with passphrase
keyRing, err := keys.Unlock(passphrase)

// Decrypt individual event parts
decoded, err := eventPart.Decode(calKR, addrKR, keyPacket)
// Handles both two-layer decryption and PGP signature verification

```

Key Types

Type	Description
Calendar	ID, name, description, color, display flag, type (normal/subscribed), flags
CalendarKey	Encrypted private key with <code>Unlock(passphrase)</code> returning <code>*crypto.Key</code>
CalendarKeys	Slice of keys with <code>Unlock(passphrase)</code> returning <code>*crypto.KeyRing</code>
CalendarMember	ID, permissions, email, color, display, calendarID
CalendarPassphrase	Encrypted passphrase with <code>Decrypt(memberID, addrKR)</code> for decryption
CalendarEvent	UID, start/end times, timezone, full-day flag, author, attendees, encrypted parts
CalendarEventPart	Individual part with type (clear/encrypted/signed), data, signature, author

Type	Description
EventAction	Delete, Create, Update, UpdateFlags

PGP Signature Verification

Encrypted calendar parts can also be signed. The `Decode` method verifies signatures using the address keyring.

Labels & Addresses

Labels

Label (category/folder) management via `/core/v4/labels`.

Operations

```
// Fetch labels filtered by type(s)
labels, err := c.GetLabels(ctx, proton.LabelLabel, proton.LabelFolder)

// Find a specific label by ID
label, err := c.GetLabel(ctx, labelID, proton.LabelLabel)

// Create a label
label, err := c.CreateLabel(ctx, proton.CreateLabelReq{
    Name:    "Personal",
    Color:   "#ff0000",
    Type:    proton.LabelLabel,
    Parent:  parentID,
})

// Update a label
err := c.UpdateLabel(ctx, labelID, proton.UpdateLabelReq{
    Name: "Updated Name",
    Color: "#00ff00",
})

// Delete a label
err := c.DeleteLabel(ctx, labelID)
```

System Label Constants

Constant	ID	Description
----------	----	-------------

InboxLabel	"0"	Inbox
AllSentLabel	"2"	All Sent
TrashLabel	"3"	Trash
SpamLabel	"4"	Spam
AllMailLabel	"5"	All Mail
StarredLabel	"10"	Starred

Email Addresses

Email address management via `/core/v4/addresses`.

Operations

```
// List addresses (sorted by order)
addresses, err := c.GetAddresses(ctx)

// Get a single address
addr, err := c.GetAddress(ctx, addressID)

// Reorder addresses
err := c.OrderAddresses(ctx, proton.OrderAddressesReq{...})

// Enable/disable address
err := c.EnableAddress(ctx, addressID)
err := c.DisableAddress(ctx, addressID)

// Delete address
err := c.DeleteAddress(ctx, addressID)
```

Address Types

Type	Description
Original	Original Proton address
Alias	Proton alias
Custom	Custom domain address

Type	Description
Premium	Premium address
External	Bring Your Own Email (BYOE)

BYOE Detection

```
if addr.IsBYOEAddress() {
    // External type with sending enabled
}
```

Key Types

Type	Description
Label	ID, parentID, name, path ([]string), color, type
LabelType	Label, ContactGroup, Folder, System
Address	ID, email, send/receive flags, status, type, order, display name, keys
AddressStatus	Disabled, enabled, deleting
AddressType	Original, alias, custom, premium, external

Path Handling

The API sends label path as a string (e.g., "Inbox/SubFolder"), which is split into a []string slice for Go use, with custom MarshalJSON/UnmarshalJSON.

Attachments, Shares & Events

Attachments & Drive Shares

Attachments

Attachment upload and download via `/mail/v4/attachments`.

Upload

```
attachment, err := c.UploadAttachment(ctx, addrKR, proton.CreateAttachmentReq{
    MessageID: "message-id",
    Filename:  "document.pdf",
    MIMETYPE: "application/pdf",
    Disposition: proton.AttachmentDisposition,
    Body:      fileBytes,
})
```

Upload is **encrypted with the address keyring** and **signed (detached)** before upload. The server stores the encrypted `KeyPacket`, `DataPacket`, and `Signature` separately.

Download

```
// Download as bytes
data, err := c.GetAttachment(ctx, attachmentID)

// Stream into io.ReaderFrom
err := c.GetAttachmentInto(ctx, attachmentID, reader)
```

Key Types

Type	Description
<code>Attachment</code>	ID, name, size, MIME type, disposition (inline/attachment), headers, key packets, signature

Type	Description
CreateAttachmentReq	MessageID, filename, MIME type, disposition, content ID, body bytes
Disposition	InlineDisposition, AttachmentDisposition

Drive Shares

Proton Drive share management via `/drive/shares`.

Operations

```
// List shares
shares, err := c.ListShares(ctx, all)

// Get a single share with full key material
share, err := c.GetShare(ctx, shareID)
```

Key Derivation

Shares use a two-step PGP decryption + passphrase unlock process:

```
// Decrypt passphrase with address keyring, verify signature, unlock share key
keyRing, err := share.GetKeyRing(addrKR)
// Returns *crypto.KeyRing for Drive access
```

Key Types

Type	Description
ShareMetadata	ShareID, linkID, volumeID, type, state, creation/modify times, creator email
Share	Extends metadata with addressID, addressKeyID, encrypted key, passphrase, passphrase signature
ShareType	Main (1), Standard (2), Device (3)
ShareState	Active (1), Deleted (2)

Real-time Events & User Account

Real-time Events

Event polling and streaming for real-time notifications via `/core/v4/events`.

Event Streaming

```
// Get the latest event ID
fromEventID, err := c.GetLatestEventID(context.Background())

// Create a new event streamer
for event := range c.NewEventStream(ctx, 20*time.Second, 20*time.Second, fromEventID) {
    fmt.Println(event.EventID)
    // Process event.User, event.Messages, event.Labels, etc.
}
```

The event stream uses a custom `NewTicker` with random jitter to avoid thundering herd.

Event Polling

```
// Fetch events starting after eventID
events, more, err := c.GetEvent(ctx, eventID)
// Returns up to 50 events per call with more indicating continuation
```

Event Types

The `Event` struct contains typed sub-events:

```

event.User           // User changes
event.UserSettings  // User settings changes
event.MailSettings  // Mail settings changes
event.Messages       // Message changes ([]MessageEvent)
event.Labels        // Label changes ([]LabelEvent)
event.Addresses     // Address changes ([]AddressEvent)
event.Notifications // Notifications ([]NotificationEvent)
event.UsedSpace     // Storage usage changes

```

Key Types

Type	Description
<code>Event</code>	Contains eventID, refresh flags, and typed sub-events
<code>RefreshFlag</code>	RefreshMail (1), RefreshAll (255)
<code>EventAction</code>	Delete, Create, Update, UpdateFlags
<code>MessageEvent</code>	EventItem (ID + Action) with full Message entity
<code>LabelEvent</code>	EventItem (ID + Action) with full Label entity
<code>AddressEvent</code>	EventItem (ID + Action) with full Address entity

User Account

User account operations via `/core/v4/users`.

Operations

```

// Fetch current user info
user, err := c.GetUser(ctx)

// With human verification token
user, err := c.GetUserWithHV(ctx, hvToken)

// Delete account (requires SRP proof re-authentication)
err := c.DeleteUser(ctx, password, proton.DeleteUserReq{

```

```
Reason: "no longer needed",  
Feedback: "test account",  
})
```

Key Types

Type	Description
User	ID, name, display name, email, keys, used/max/upload space limits, credit, currency
ProductUsedSpace	Space breakdown by calendar, contact, drive, mail, pass (password manager)
DeleteUserReq	Reason, feedback, email confirmation

Feature Flags

Fetch feature flag/toggle results from the Proton API:

```
features, err := c.GetFeatures(ctx, "sticky-key-uuid")  
// Returns FeatureFlagResult for a given UUID sticky key
```